QUEENSLAND IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

National Partnership Agreement on Improving Literacy and Numeracy

PART 1: PRELIMINARIES

- 1. This Implementation Plan is a schedule to the National Partnership Agreement on Improving Literacy and Numeracy (ILN NP) and should be read in conjunction with that Agreement. The objective in the National Partnership is to improve the performance of students who are falling behind in literacy and/or numeracy, including targeted groups such as students from disadvantaged backgrounds and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander students in participating schools. The National Partnership will contribute to the effective use of evidence-based approaches in participating schools to lift the performance of these students.
- The Implementation Plan will facilitate the identification of those approaches that have proven successful and support the wider implementation of those approaches in schools to lift the performance of students, maximising the possible impact on student literacy and numeracy outcomes.

PART 2: TERMS OF THIS IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

- This Implementation Plan will commence as soon as it is agreed between the Commonwealth of Australia, represented by the Minister for School Education and Early Childhood and Queensland, represented by the Minister for Education, Training and Employment.
- 4. Activity under the Implementation Plan must commence by no later than the beginning of Term 2 of the 2013 school year.
- 5. As a schedule to the National Partnership Agreement on Improving Literacy and Numeracy, the purpose of this Implementation Plan is to provide the public with an indication of how the National Partnership is intended to be delivered and demonstrate Queensland's capacity to achieve the outcomes of the National Partnership.
- 6. This Implementation Plan will cease on completion or termination of the National Partnership, including the acceptance of final performance reporting and processing of final payments against performance benchmarks or milestones.
- 7. This Implementation Plan may be varied by written agreement between the Commonwealth and State Ministers responsible for it under the overarching National Partnership.
- 8. The Parties to this Implementation Plan do not intend any of the provisions to be legally enforceable. However, that does not lessen the Parties' commitment to the plan and its full implementation.

PART 3: STRATEGY FOR QUEENSLAND IMPLEMENTATION

Project information

- 9. This Implementation Plan describes how Queensland will implement activity across school sectors/systems to ensure that the outputs and outcomes for lifting the performance of students who are falling behind in literacy and/or numeracy are met.
- 10. A complete list of participating schools is provided at Attachment A. These are subject to change as participation in ILN NP is subject to principal discretion.
- 11. Queensland is committed to improving the literacy and numeracy achievements for all students in all schools. This requires a strategic approach and a commitment to ongoing implementation of successful strategies and reforms. Queensland acknowledges the crucial role of teachers in the literacy and numeracy outcomes of students and will continue to focus on longer term sustainable improvement by ensuring that teachers and their schools have the knowledge, skills, leadership and support to deliver effective literacy and numeracy teaching.
- 12. Across the three schooling sectors, Queensland aims to achieve the objectives of the ILN NP by building on the significant improvements brought about by the expiring Literacy and Numeracy National Partnership (LN NP). Expansion and enhancement includes:
 - a. extending and consolidating strategies from the expiring LN NP;
 - b. broadening the coaching focus to include literacy and numeracy teaching pedagogy; and
 - c. a sharper focus on evidence based decision making to ensure deeper understanding and appropriate actions.
- 13. Implementation will be tailored for the diversity of state and non-state schools in Queensland. Localised implementation will:
 - a. support the diverse range of school contexts
 - b. allow schools and regions to design program delivery within local regions/school contexts
 - c. build capacity for future growth
 - d. allow for allocation of resources to to address local needs and contexts.
- 1.4. For the state sector, this represents a shift from systemic support to increased regional support and services.
- 15. Queensland's Implementation Plan consists of two key elements:
 - a. Coaching and mentoring: professional development and practice; and
 - b. In school data-informed practice.
- 16. Elements are listed in Table 1. Table 3 provides more detail regarding the delivery of these elements in each schooling sector.

Table 1: Project elements - Literacy and Numeracy approaches endorsed by the Expert Reference Group

Š.	No. Title (Approach) Short description	Short description	Year level(s)	Domain(s)	Dependent on	DEEWR school	Does the approach
			targeted	targeted	projects*	ID(s) using the	specifically target
21						approach	Aboriginal and Torres
				16.			Strait Islander students?
н	Coaching and	Coaches and mentors in participating schools	Varies	Varies	Coach training/	See Attachment A	No. However, a high
	mentoring:	across the Queensland schooling sectors will	across	across	professional		proportion of ATSI students
	professional	hers	sectors and	sectors and	development		will be targeted through
	development	regarding effective pedagogical practices in	schools	schools	required	*	schools selected (see
	and practice	literacy and numeracy.	15		6	*	Attachment A).
		Queensland schooling sectors will expand and/or			*5		
		develop professional development, in a variety					## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
		of forms, for selected teachers from	97/1		S (4)		
	17	participating schools, focussed on building	0				
*		effective pedagogy, data-informed decision-		10	¥.	23	
		making -making and literacy and numeracy				2	
		knowledge and content.					
7	In school data-	Coaches, across the sectors, will work to build	Varies	Varies	See para. 21-23	See Attachment A	No. However, a high
	informed	the capabilities of teachers (including beginning	across	across	below.		proportion of ATSI students
ja:	practice	teachers) to reflect and change instructional	sectors and	sectors and			will be targeted through
		practices to use data to identify where support is	schools	schools	d	7/4	schools selected (see
		needed and improvement has occurred.					Attachment A).

NOTE: These approaches have been published on Teach Learn Share or have been endorsed by the Expert Reference Group pending publication *please indicate NA if this does not apply

Coaching and data-informed practice

- 15. Element one of the Queensland strategy is coaching and mentoring school teachers to build their capabilities to develop student literacy and numeracy. Falling under this, there will be a focus on specialised professional development and data-informed practice and support in schools.
- 16. The coaching strategy is designed to build capacity in teachers, resulting in highly effective schools.
- 17. The coaching concept has been successfully implemented nationally and internationally and there is a wide-range of research available indicating the positive impact that such an initiative can have on improving student outcomes (Biancarosa 2010; Garet et. al. 2008; Lockwood et. al. 2010).
- 18. Role-defined, school-based coaches ensure the sustainability of the ongoing focus on school improvement. Such an approach to professional learning is situated in cognitive coaching, peer coaching, and mentoring (L'Allier, Ellish-Piper & Bean, 2010).
- 19. Coaching provides ongoing professional learning for teachers (International Reading Association, 2004). Studies show that professional learning is an important factor in improving teaching practice and therefore an important factor in predicting higher student achievement (Wenglinsky, 2000). Content-focused, teacher professional learning that is sustained over multiple years through coaching support has been found to produce increasingly greater improvements in teachers' performance and students' reading skills (Atteberry&Bryk, 2010).
- 20. In a synthesis of research spanning many years and many studies Cornett and Knight (2009) found the following key benefits of coaching:
 - a. Increases in teacher efficacy;
 - b. Improvements in teacher practices that increase student achievement;
 - c. Increases in implementation rates and skill transfer; and
 - d. Improvements in teachers' job satisfaction.
- 21. A number of the evidence-based strategies on the *Teach*, *Learn Share* website outline a coaching model to improve student outcomes, including:
 - a. Proserpine State School, Creating a reading culture in a school community;
 - b. Moana Primary School, Coaching and whole-school commitment improve Numeracy outcomes;
 - c. Allendale East, Creating Change as a Literacy Coach;
 - d. Two Wells Primary School, Making a positive difference in numeracy; and
 - e. Darlington Primary School, Literacy coaching reading comprehension.
- 22. Analysis and use of data was demonstrated in the above examples, and is also a key component of the following strategies outlined on the *Teach*, *Learn*, *Share* website:
 - a. Rosemeadow, Linking school targets to classroom practice; and
 - b. The Hume region numeracy strategy at Seymour College.
- 23. Queensland's proposed elements coaching and data-informed practice demonstrate direct alignment with these examples on the *Teach*, *Learn*, *Share* website, specifically:
 - a. shared objectives of developing effective, evidence-based teaching, strong school leadership and whole school engagement;
 - b. the role of the coach, planning and sharing pedagogy, modelling lessons, observing and supporting classroom practice;
 - c. a focus on data analysis and data-informed decision making and differentiated teaching; and
 - d. provision of extensive professional learning for the coach/mentor, leadership teams and teaching staff.

School selection

- 24. Queensland's ILP NP strategy supports targeted schools and particular student cohorts: students at or below the National Minimum Standard (NMS) in numeracy and reading as demonstrated in NAPLAN, including Indigenous students and students from low socio-economic school communities.
- 25. The majority of State, Catholic and Independent schools that participated in the expiring LNNP will continue to participate in the new ILN NP.
- 26. The State, Catholic and Independent sectors have identified additional schools with sufficient need in terms of literacy and numeracy achievement for inclusion. The following factors have been taken into account in identifying additional schools:
 - inclusion of schools with a high number of students (relative to state and sector) in the bottom two bands of NAPLAN;
 - non-inclusion of those schools participating in the Low SES National Partnership due to the continuation of funding until the end of 2013;
 - c. proportion of students as per the Australian National Audit Office report; and
 - d. non-inclusion of the funded Queensland Indigenous Focus Schools.
 - 27. A complete list of participating schools is provided at Attachment A.

Estimated costs

- 28. The maximum financial contribution to be provided by the Commonwealth for the project to the jurisdiction is \$60,578,179, payable in accordance with performance milestones set out in Part 5 of the National Partnership. All payments are exclusive of GST.
- 29. The overall budget (exclusive of GST) is set out as estimated financial contributions in Table 2. The budget is indicative only and Queensland retains the flexibility to move funds between components and/or years, as long as outcomes are not affected. The Commonwealth contribution can only be moved between years with the agreement of the Commonwealth.

Table 2: Estimated financial contributions

(\$ million)	*2012/13	*2013/14	Total
State	1,068,366	794,972	1,863,338
Development team Coaches	31,403,739	15,476,131	46,879,870
	\$32,472,105	\$16,271,103	11 (k
Non-state			
QCEC coaches and mentors	5,366,127	2,688,855	8,054,982
ISQ – coaches and mentors	2,518,179	1,261,807	3,779,986
Total estimated budget			60,578,179
less estimated Commonwealth contribution equals estimated balance of non-Commonwealth contributions	n n	2	
Total Commonwealth contribution		17	60,578,179

Program logic

- 30. The way in which these project elements will achieve the outcomes and objectives stated in the National Partnership is detailed in Table 3 below.
- 31. Output 12(b) of the National Partnership will be achieved through the sharing of effective evidence-based teaching approaches across schools and jurisdictions and the publication of Queensland strategies and approaches published on *Teach Learn Share*.

Risk management

[Note: the purpose of this component is to demonstrate that a risk assessment has been undertaken, any identified risks considered and a risk management plan has been developed].

- 32. The management of risks and issues associated with this project will be managed in accordance with the Department of Education, Training and Employment's Risk Management Procedure.
- 33. The following risks have been actively identified, entered into a risk log and categorised in terms of impact and likelihood:
 - a. There will be an inability to recruit staff with suitable skill sets within the appropriate timeframe.
 - b. The knowledge and resources developed through the project will not be sustainable once the funding for this initiative is depleted.

Relevant State or Territory Context

te: This section should provide a brief statement on the particular state or territory's unique circumstances as context for the approach taken to deliver on the National Partnership's outcomes and objectives.]

34. In developing this Implementation Plan consideration has been given to Queensland's relevant context. Key factors that have influenced the proposed direction are set out below (or in Table 4):

a. the continuation of the current coaching reform

- b. the initiation and development of online modes of delivery to address the challenge to delivering PD in rural and remote areas of Queensland.
- 35. Queensland's Implementation Plan does not specifically target Indigenous students. The coaching strategy seeks to drive improvement to the quality of teaching in all participating schools in order to lead to long-term benefits for all students. Queensland is committed to responding to Indigenous disadvantage, and the high proportion of Indigenous students across the selected schools ensures that students from Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander backgrounds will benefit from strategies being implemented.
- 36. In particular, Indigenous students in ILN NP state schools will benefit through:
 - a. coaches with particular expertise in culturally appropriate pedagogy
 - b. coaches and school leadership teams inclusive rather than exclusive methods to support the Indigenous students in Queensland's urban schools
 - c. coach support and school leadership teams ongoing implementation of the Embedding Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Perspectives in Schools (EATSIPS) initiative
 - d. school leadership teams increased participation, collaboration and engagement with the local community through the Parent and community engagement framework.
- 37. Queensland's attention is also on sustainable practices through the state sector's consideration of an Indigenous focus in components of the Early start assessment tools, a suite of trial materials which schools can use to track progress across Prep to Year 2.

Table 4: Links with existing reforms or projects [example]

Proposed Elements/Approaches (as identified in Table 1)	Existing reforms or projects	Complementary nature of activities
Coaching	Pedagogical Framework	Development of materials and resources designed to support schools in their work around pedagogy and high quality teaching practice.

FIRT 4 PERFORMANCE AND REPORTING ARRANGEMENTS

Milestones

38. Performance milestones and associated payments are outlined in Table 2 of the Agreement.

Performance indicators and measures

39. Queensland agrees to meet the performance measures and reporting arrangements outlined in Part 4 of the Agreement. Details of historical NAPLAN data commencing with 2008 for the schools that previously participated in the Literacy and Numeracy National Partnerhship Schools to achieve the outcomes and outputs of the Agreement are at Attachment B. Details of state and sector specific local measures for all schools (for the 2013 school year) to achieve the outcomes and outputs of the Agreement are outlined in Tables 5.

PERFORMANCE	AGREED LOCAL MEASURE	STATE	DATA SOURCE	BASELINE
INDICATOR		SPECIFIC		YEAR
		MEASURE		-
Improvement* in	Local school level data demonstrating change in literacy	Govt:	PAT-M	2013
literacy and/or	and/or numeracy performance for the targeted student		PAT-R	
numeracy results for	group compared with other children at the same grade in			i
targeted student	reading and numeracy for the 2013 school year.	Catholic:	PAT-M	2013
group including	At the states discretion, local school level data	•	PAT-R	
Aboriginal and	demonstrating change in literacy and/or numeracy	z z	DRA	
Torres-Strait Islander	performance for the targeted student group compared with			
students	a like cohort group.	Independent:	DRAII	2013
			CDAT (Cognitive Developmental	**
			Assessment Tasks)	M
		90 18	2	
	Local school level data demonstrating change in literacy	Govt:	PAT-M	2013
	and/or numeracy performance for Aboriginal and Torres	33 34 343 344	PAT-R	
e P A	Strait Islander students raining benind compared with other children at the same drade in reading and numeracy for the	Catholic:	PAT-M	2013
	2013 School vear		PAT-R	
174			DRA	2
٠	a a	Independent	DRA II	2013
			CDAT (Cognitive Developmental	
	27		Assessment Tasks)	3

bottom two bands compared to students' whole class improvement rates over the 2013 school year based on PAT-M and PAT-R, or DRA II. Queensland independent schools will provide measures of student improvement against DRA II and lor CDAT (Cognitive Developmental Assessment Tasks), including reporting on the performance of students in the bottom two bands over the 2013 school year. Education random, comparative sample of children from the same grade. These variances account for the differences in data collection methodology across the sectors, and data availability to provide reliable and Queensland will measure the 2013 school year improvement of students in the bottom two bands in participating schools against PAT-M and PAT-R, compared to an average improvement rate from a 13 In Queensland, reporting on the first performance indicator will vary across sectors. The Queensland Catholic education sector will provide comparative data on the improvement of students in the valid comparisons of student improvement.

	el data collection measures are used to assess literacy ver the school year.	SPECIFIC MEASURE		YEAR
91		MEASURE		<u> </u>
4)				
0)	sures are used to assess literacy nce over the school year.	Govt:	Coaches building teacher capacity in	
41	nce over the school year.		analysing and investigating data.	ī
**************************************			Teachers using data to inform planning,	
30 8			teaching, and assessment of learning.	
			Development of school pedagogical	
		The second secon	framework	
M		Catholic:	Data analysis teams to build teacher	2013
** **			capacity in analysing and investigating data.	
		2 a	Teachers using data to inform planning,	
	2		teaching (classroom interventions), and	
-11			assessment of learning.	
	a a	Independent	Collation of all student reading and	2013
	*		numeracy levels	2
			Creation of Data Walls (reading)	021
-		13	Team meetings to discuss data	×
-		8	Instruction linked to assessment	
Staff in participating Approaches used to impro	Approaches used to improve capability and effectiveness	Govt:	Coach surveys	57
schools engaged in of literacy and/or numeracy teaching	racy teaching		Regional professional learning data	
professional learning		Catholic:	Action learning processes.	2013
in literacy and/or	0 H B		Staff and coach surveys	
numeracy		Independent	Records of coaching sessions	2013
		2.5	Staff and coach surveys	
Feedback from staff demo	Feedback from staff demonstrating improvement in	Govt:	Provision of information of measures used	
capability and effectiveness of literacy and	less of literacy and numeracy		from State schools and regional office to	3
teaching	88 St.	12	central coordinating office	
		Catholic:	Action learning processes.	2013
		S. Commission of the Commissio	Staff and coach surveys	5.5
		Independent	Staff and coach surveys	2013

* For local measures, improvement is considered to be any increase (reported in the final report) above the baseline data obtained at the beginning of the 2013 school year.

Sign off		
The Parties ha	ave confirmed their commitment to this agreement as follows:	
Signature	John Caul Langhalpate 13,9.13	
[By state/terr	itory Minister)	
Signature	Date 26-3-15	3
(By Common	wealth Minister]	