Australian Capital Territory: Implementation Plan and Performance Report (Plan) -

2024

Preschool Reform Agreement – 2022 to 2025

This Plan covers:

- the implementation activities for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 (Tables 2 - 4);
- the performance report for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 (Annex 1 and 2).

PART 1: PRELIMINARIES

- This Plan is a schedule to the Preschool Reform Agreement 2022 2025 (the Agreement) and should be read in conjunction with the Agreement. This Plan covers the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024.
- 2. The Agreement reaffirms a national commitment to provide universal access to, and improved participation by, children in quality preschool programs in the year before full-time school (YBFS), with a focus on Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children and disadvantaged children. These programs should be delivered in a manner that meets the needs of children, parents and communities at a cost which does not present a barrier to participation.
- 3. The objective of the Agreement is to facilitate children's early learning and development and transition to school by maintaining universal access to quality preschool programs for all children, improving participation in preschool programs and maximising the benefit of the preschool year by improving outcomes for children.
- 4. The Agreement supports the delivery of 15 hours a week, or 600 hours a year of quality preschool programs, by a degree qualified early childhood teacher for all children, regardless of the setting in which programs are delivered, in the year before school.
- 5. The Agreement has a focus on improving preschool participation and outcomes including for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children and disadvantaged children.
- 6. This Plan is the third of four annual implementation plans that build on each other to deliver the reforms outlined in the Agreement.

PART 2: TERMS AND DEFINITIONS OF THIS PLAN

- 7. This Plan will commence as soon as it is agreed between the Commonwealth of Australia, represented by the Minister for Early Childhood Education, and the Australian Capital Territory, represented by their Minister for Education.
- 8. As a schedule to the Agreement, the purpose of this Plan is to provide the public with an indication of how the Australian Capital Territory demonstrates its capacity to achieve and deliver the outcomes of the Agreement.
- 9. This Plan will cease on completion of the final performance reporting and the processing of final payments against the performance benchmarks or milestones set out within it for 2024.
- 10. The Commonwealth Government Department of Education and central agencies will develop a new template for Implementation Plans from 2025 in consultation with states and territories (States). The Commonwealth will require new and additional information in accordance with the Agreement and the Federal Funding Agreements Principles from 2025.
- 11. This Plan may be varied by written agreement between the Commonwealth and the responsible State Minister.
- 12. The Parties to this Plan do not intend any of the provisions to be legally enforceable. However, that does not lessen the Parties' commitment to the Plan and its full implementation.

PART 3: FUNDING CONTRIBUTION

Commonwealth Funding Contributions

- 13. The Commonwealth's estimated total financial contribution to the Australian Capital Territory, is set out in Tables 1a (program year) and 1b (financial year) of the Agreement.
- 14. However, the Commonwealth's financial contribution in individual program years is adjusted in accordance with the notes to Tables 1a and 1b of the Agreement. Consistent with the agreed adjustment process, the final amounts for 2024 are set out in **Table 1**.
- 15. **Table 1** does not include funding for children who repeat the YBFS. This funding will be calculated and paid in arrears per Appendix A.1 to the Agreement.
- 16. The Commonwealth contribution can only be moved between years with the agreement of the Commonwealth Minister. This would address extraordinary circumstances only and details would be agreed in the context, noting Commonwealth Funding Follows Child requires funding is expended in the year for which it is provided.

Table 1: 2024 Commonwealth financial contribution to the Australian Capital Territory

Category	Amount ¹	
YBFS Financial Contribution	\$7,853,069	
Additional funding to maintain 2021 levels	\$1,801,406	
Total Commonwealth financial contribution (<i>excluding implementation funding</i>)	\$9,654,475	
Preschool Outcomes Measure: Trial implementation support	\$3,400,000	
Total Commonwealth financial contribution (<i>including implementation funding</i>)	\$13,054,475	

¹Figures may not add due to rounding. These figures are based on the most recent YBFS population projections estimated by Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) in January 2024.

* Based on the ACT's commitment to trial the new national tool.

17. Table 2 shows how the Australian Capital Territory will use Commonwealth funding to meet the objectives of the Agreement. This may include strategies to facilitate preschool attendance by children in the year before full-time school.

Table 2: Program/activities	objectives	and	outcomes
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	Program/activity	Outputs	Objectives	Outcomes	Estimated Cth funds allocated		
Pro	Program year funding (Commonwealth Funding Follows Child)						
1.	Commonwealth Funding Follows the Child financial contribution at the sector level, to the government school sector (3,825 children)	To facilitate children's early learning and development and transition to school, by maintaining universal access to free quality early childhood education for all children To promote the importance of preschool and encourage enrolment for all children in the year before	All children have access to 600 hours of free, high- quality preschool in the year before school	All children, including Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children and vulnerable and disadvantaged children, have access to, and participate in, free quality early childhood education programs	\$5,396,692.50		

		formal schooling			
2.	Implement the Commonwealth Funding Follows the Child financial contribution at the sector level, to the non-government school sector (1,189 children)	To support delivery of quality preschool programs and encourage attendance and participation in affordable, quality early childhood education programs	All children have access to a high-quality preschool program in the year before school	All children, including Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children and vulnerable and disadvantaged children, have access to, and participate in, quality early childhood education programs	\$1,677,560.10
3.	Implement the Commonwealth Funding Follows the Child financial contribution at the sector level, for the non-government long day care sector (552 children)	To support delivery of quality preschool programs and encourage attendance and participation in affordable, quality early childhood education programs	All children have access to a high-quality preschool program in the year before school	All children, including Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children and vulnerable and disadvantaged children, have access to, and participate in, quality early childhood education programs	\$778,816.80
Add	itional funding to mair		na levels (delete i	f not required)	
4.				All children, including Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children and vulnerable and disadvantaged children, have access to, and participate in, free quality early childhood education programs	\$1,801,406

Total all programs and a	ctivities		\$9,654,475.40
	programs for all children		

- 18. 2024 funding allocations for Funding Follows the Child contributions to the government and non-government school sectors are based on actual 2024 Enrolment Census data.
- 19. As the ACT does not hold child level enrolment data for the long day care sector, the 2024 funding allocation for the Funding Follows the Child contribution to the long day care sector is an estimate based on the balance of the year before full time school (YBFS) population estimate for 2024 (5,566) minus the 2024 Enrolment Census data for school-based preschools (5,051). This means that school-based preschool is considered the first setting for the purpose of Funding Follows the Child in the ACT.
- 20. In 2024, Enrolment Census data indicates 75 children who attend more than one schoolbased setting. Government school-based preschool is considered the first setting for the purpose of Funding Follows the Child in the ACT, as this placement provides free preschool for families.

State context and funding contributions

- 21. Context influencing Australian Capital Territory delivery of preschool and the States' investment in preschool for 2024 is covered in this section.
 - a. Quality early childhood education in the ACT is delivered in a range of settings including government preschools, non-government preschools and long day care centres.
 - b. The ACT Government is the primary funder of 600 hours per year, of quality early childhood education in government preschools in the YBFS. This provision is delivered by a qualified early childhood teacher under the National Quality Framework.
 - c. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children in the ACT can access an additional 15 hours per week, 600 hours per year, of a free culturally safe early learning program through the ACT Government funded Koori Preschool Program.

Implementation Project Funding Contributions

22. This section includes a State's summary of details of implementation project funding provided by the Commonwealth including funding amounts, purpose and the State's progress in implementing the project to date. States will be required to provide details of how Implementation Project Funding will be used to deliver reforms, including key performance indicators (KPIs) and timing. Details will be captured at **Table 3**.

Table 3: Overview of Implementation Project Funding for Australian Capital Territory - Statement of Allocations

Implementation Commonwealth Project (details) funding	Actions (incl. deliverables)	КРІ	Timing (incl. delivery schedule)
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Development of system and process capabilities to support cross sectoral data collection (based on scoping and design work completed in 2023)	\$0.5 million	Development of system to support streamlined administration of funding follows the child from 2025	Information management system developed and operational	Q1- 2025
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23. Consistent with the terms of the Agreement, Commonwealth funding for Implementation Projects was provided as part of the first milestone payment of the Agreement, when the Commonwealth and State agreed the 2022 Implementation Plan.

Preschool Outcomes Measure: Trial Implementation Support

- 24. This section outlines the ways in which States intend to spend Commonwealth funding made available to support the 2025 national applied trial of the Preschool Outcomes Measure (as outlined in Table 1) in accordance with *PRA Appendix A.2 Preschool Outcome Measure Trial.* This can include alignment activities or trial preparatory activities undertaken in 2024.
- 25. Commonwealth funding is being provided on the following basis:
 - a. For States participating in the 2025 national applied trial by nominating the new national tool as their 'primary tool' up to \$3.4 million.
 - b. For States participating in the 2025 national applied trial by nominating a tool that is well developed, validated but not yet trialled at scale as their 'primary tool' a mid-point funding, more than \$1 million and up to \$3.4 million, to be negotiated bilaterally.
 - c. For States participating in the 2025 national applied trial by nominating an existing tool as their 'primary tool' up to \$1 million.
- 26. Where a State is not in a position to finalise details for Trial Implementation Support in its 2024 Implementation Plan, an option to provide these details later to access the funding will be available. Details can be outlined in either an Addendum to the 2024 Implementation Plan, or in 2025 Implementation Plans, noting both options will require agreement by Commonwealth and State Ministers.
- 27. Implementation Plans will include high-level proposed expenditure categories for Trial Implementation Support funding, with detailed expenditure to be settled between officials in writing as trial participation arrangements are finalised and details become clearer.
- 28. When completing Table 4 below, States are requested to also outline State contributions, where relevant, including in-kind contributions.

Activities (details)	Commonwealth funding	State contribution	Actions (incl. deliverables)	КРІ	Timing (incl. delivery schedule)
Recruitment of temporary staff for 24 months to support POM Trial implementation	\$783,344	ACT Government staff will undertake recruitment and onboarding activities for staff ACT Government staff will provide supervision support and administrative support for staff over the two-year period	 Undertake recruitment actions and appoint staff Onboard staff 	Staff appointed	Q1 2024
Prepare for and participate in the 2025 national applied trial using the new national tool as the 'primary tool'	\$2,616,656	ACT Government staff will contribute to the design and planning of the POM Trial, including participation on national working groups and facilitating local stakeholder engagements ACT Government preschool staff will be involved in the trial of the POM in identified ACT government preschools, subject to industrial consultations	 Participate in implementation activities as required by the Cwlth and provider Determine financial and other supports for trial sites to encourage participation Liaise with ACT stakeholders to confirm trial sites Support trial sites to understand the POM Trial and prepare for implementation Support trial sites to implement the POM trial and contribute to evaluation activities as required. 	Suitable number of trial sites engaged and supported to prepare for and implement the POM Trial in 2025	Throughout 2024 and 2025
TOTAL	\$3.4 million				

Table 4: Overview of Preschool Outcomes Measure Trial implementation support for Australian Capital Territory - Statement of Allocations

29. Commonwealth funding for Preschool Outcomes Measure: Trial Implementation Support will be provided on the basis of the information provided above when the Commonwealth and State agree the 2024 Implementation Plan.

Risk Management

30. The Australian Capital Territory will actively identify, monitor and manage the risks associated with delivering outcomes under the Agreement, such as through maintaining their own risk management plan.

PART 4: REFORMS

- 31. As part of the Agreement, the Australian Capital Territory and the Commonwealth agree to work collaboratively to implement reforms outlined in the Additional terms in the Agreement.
- 32. The actions that the Australian Capital Territory will undertake to meet these commitments are detailed in **Table 4**.

Table 5: Planned Actions for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 for the Australian Capital Territory

Reform Element	Actions	Timing
Reform Element One: Implement Commonwealth Funding Follows Chi	ld	
Reform Element One: Implement Commonwealth Funding Follows Chil Details of how the Commonwealth Funding Follows Child at the setting level will be implemented in the State.	Id Measures to be undertaken in 2024: • The ACT will distribute funding directly to the government school sector through existing funding distribution arrangements. • The ACT will distribute funding to the non-government school based preschool sector through a Deed of Grant arrangement: • The Deed will clearly articulate the Commonwealth contribution to stakeholders. • Recipients will be required to apply funding in line with the requirements of the PRA, including implementation of initiatives that promote enrolment and attendance in preschool. • Funding will be distributed through two milestones: 30% will be provided on execution of the Deed and a progress report will be required to be provided to the Territory in order to release the remaining 70%. • An acquittal of funding will be requested at the end of the Deed period. • The ACT will invest funding into quality improvement strategies for the long day care sector (based on consultation themes), which may include: • Professional learning opportunities such as formal training on topics identified through the consultation 	Timing Throughout 2024
	 Coaching opportunities to lift quality in program delivery through Preschool Practice Coaches Grant offerings to enable services to implement quality improvement strategies appropriate to their unique setting and/or to release staff to attend professional learning. Grants will be available via application and an 	

Reform Element	Actions	Timing	
	acquittal of funding will be requested at the end of the Grant period.		
Reform Element Two: Implement a new national preschool attendance	e measure		
The approach to measure preschool enrolment and attendance and how data will be provided to the Commonwealth, in accordance with Appendix A.1.	 Measures to be undertaken 2024: The ACT Education Directorate will collect preschool enrolment data and preschool attendance data for 2024 term 2 for children enrolled in public schools. In 2023, three independent preschools in the ACT did not provide data to the Commonwealth through the CCSS. ACT Education Directorate will act as data collection agent for these three services unless a service chooses to submit data directly to the ABS or AG DoE. Catholic Education will continue to act as the collecting agent for preschool services provided by Catholic Education Early Learning Centres. Data will continue to be provided directly to ABS or via the CCSS. All other preschool services in the ACT submit enrolment and attendance data via the CCSS. This includes services provided by the other independent preschools. 	Mid 2024	
Strategies to facilitate participation in preschool by children in the YBFS. For strategies relating to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children, consistent with the Closing the Gap agreement, engage those communities and/or representative bodies in the design process.	 The ACT will deliver the following strategies: Early Entry to government preschool for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children Koori Preschool for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children at select government schools Engaging Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander families through Early Years Engagement Officers Engaging vulnerable and disadvantaged families through Early Childhood Community Coordinators Providing supported transitions and inclusive practices through Preschool Pathways Partners 	Throughout 2024	
Reform Element Three: Implement a new national preschool outcomes	measure trial in 2025		
Plans for how the State will prepare for the 2025 national trial of the preschool outcomes measure, in accordance with Appendix A.2.	The ACT undertakes to work collaboratively with the Commonwealth and ACT service providers on the implementation of the new National Preschool Outcomes Measure Trial.	Throughout 2024 and 202	

Reform Element	Actions	Timing
(Note, reform element has been updated to reflect Appendix A.2. The actions a State plans to undertake should be consistent with the timeline agreed to by Education Ministers in July 2023).	 Measures to be undertaken 2024 The ACT will collaborate with the Commonwealth and consultant to prepare for trial participation, including supporting the development of the new national tool as the ACT's 'primary tool' The ACT will liaise with stakeholders to share information on the trail and encourage participation The ACT will identify suitable service providers and invite voluntary participation in the POM Trial The ACT may offer a financial incentive (using Cwlth funding) to trial sites to encourage participation in the trial, subject to sector consultations The ACT will work closely with trial sites to support participation in the trial The ACT will develop suitable communications and support materials based on advice and information provided by the consultant 	
Reform Delivery/Implementation		
State-specific data and implementation issues and strategies for how these will be overcome in the context of assessing performance under the Agreement.	 Measures to be undertaken 2024 The ACT undertakes to continue to work collaboratively with the Commonwealth to identify appropriate targets that take into account the impact of small numbers when measuring Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children's enrolment and attendance in preschool. The ACT undertakes to work collaboratively with the ABS to apply the Index of Household Advantage and Disadvantage (IHAD) methodology to measure disadvantage in the ACT context. The use of SEIFA and similar area-based measures is not appropriate for the ACT as the measure of disadvantage, due to the distributed nature of social housing and general social mobility in the Territory. In the ACT, SEIFA identifies 	Throughout 2024

Reform Element	Actions	Timing
	approximately 1% of children as being disadvantaged, rather	
	than an estimated 12% to 20% under other measures.	

PART 5: PERFORMANCE AND REPORTING ARRANGEMENTS

- 33. Part 5 sets out the performance and reporting arrangements for the Australian Capital Territory for 2024.
- 34. The Commonwealth and State based collections or data sources and methodologies, agreed by both the Parties to this Plan, to measure progress against the performance milestones and benchmarks and targets in the Agreement, are set out in Part 5 of this Plan and Appendix B of the Agreement.
- 35. These data and performance specifications will be used to report Australian Capital Territory performance, except for the supplementary data agreed by the Parties to this Plan.
- 36. Supplementary data reports must contain the following details for each Performance Indicator (PI) where the method is not consistent with the Early Childhood Education and Care Minimal Data Set (NMDS):
 - a. PI calculation description (numerator, denominator, computation, and presentation)
 - b. numerator information (collection name and population description)
 - c. denominator information (collection name and population description)
 - d. calculation notes (including any information about how the PI is calculated)
 - e. methodology
 - f. rationale for supplementary data and reporting (including any additional information to explain how and why the specifications for the supplementary data differ from the specifications in the NMDS).
- 37. In 2024, States are required to provide baseline enrolment and attendance data in order to receive their full performance funding. Appendix A.1 and Appendix B to the Agreement set out the nationally agreed approach for data collection, provision, and reporting.
 - a. Where a State has agreed with the Commonwealth transitional arrangements for 2024, these should be detailed in Table 5.
- 38. Table 6 covers information states are required to report annually to facilitate application of Appendix A.1 and Appendix B in 2024.

Table 6:	State	specific	attendance	and	enrolment	data	considerations
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Category	Required Information		
Attendance collection period	• The ACT will provide 2024 attendance data for Term 2 only (Monday 29 April 2024 (student-free day) to Friday 5 July 2024).		
Data provision	 ACT Education Directorate will provide attendance and enrolment data separately (refer Appendix B, pg. 4). June attendance data and August enrolment data will be supplied in two separate datasets, which will be provided at the same time for both geocoding (2-20 September), with initial data submission between 23 September and 11 October and final analytical data before 15 November). 		

	• ACT Education Directorate will be following Option B for the provision of data for the National Preschool Attendance Collection (NPAC) and the National Early Childhood Education and Care Collection (NECECC).
Child and state specific YBFS	 A child is eligible for 4-year-old (YBFS) preschool when born between 1 May 2019 to 30 April 2020. Parents can select to delay commencement of 4-year-old preschool if born between 1 May 2018 – 30 April 2020. Children must be enrolled in compulsory education (first year of formal schooling) 10 days after their sixth birthday.
Children who repeat YBFS preschool	 ACT intends to claim funding for children who have a second year in a YBFS preschool program ('repeaters') in 2024. ACT will be able to provide an estimate of the number of children repeating preschool (School-based preschools and Catholic Education ELCs) in 2024 using data from the 2023 and 2024 February Censuses of ACT Schools. ACT Education will provide statistical linkage keys for all child records submitted by the Directorate to the National Early Childhood Education and Care Collection. It is our expectation that other data providers will also provide child records with statistical linkage keys as per the requirements of the ECEC NMDS.

39. The use of SEIFA and similar area-based measures is not appropriate for the ACT as the measure of disadvantage, due to the distributed nature of social housing and general social mobility in the Territory. In the ACT, SEIFA identifies approximately 1% of children as being disadvantaged, rather than an estimated 12% to 20% under other measures.

Performance requirements, reporting and payment summary 2024

- 40. Performance Reporting for 2024 will capture progress against planned actions undertaken by Australian Capital Territory as detailed at Table 4. States should provide sufficient detail in performance reporting to enable consideration of progress against actions and provide the Commonwealth with a draft prior to submission of the final report.
- 41. Performance reporting will be signed off by the Commonwealth Minister who will then inform the Australian Capital Territory Minister of the outcome through an exchange of letters.

Sign off

The Parties have confirmed their commitment to this agreement as follows:

Signed for and on behalf of Australian Capital Territory by



The Hon Dr. Anne Aly MP

Minister for Early Childhood Education | Minister for Youth

Commonwealth Funding Follows Child (CFFC) acquittals (updated by 31 March 2025)

Requirements for Commonwealth Funding Follows Child can be found in Appendix A to the PRA.

Examples of the types of program expenditure and subsidies that meet these requirements include:

- a. For enrolled children (in each setting):
 - i. Fee relief for families
 - ii. Provision of early childhood teachers to deliver preschool programs
 - iii. Quality improvements, including teacher recruitment and retention
 - iv. Program subsidies, including needs-based funding models or additional support
- b. For funding that cannot be attributed to any children enrolled in a quality preschool program:
 - i. Communication and outreach
 - ii. Enrolment and attendance strategies, particularly for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children and disadvantaged children.
 - iii. Specialised programs, without which children would have no access to preschool programs, or programs that meet their individual needs

It is not the intention of Funding Follows the Child that per-child contributions are used to support:

- c. For enrolled children (in each setting):
 - i. Programs that cannot be attributed to settings
- d. For children who are not enrolled:
 - i. Universal program subsidies and fee relief for children enrolled in preschool programs.

States should provide an account of how CFFC is allocated across settings and describe their approach or methodology to derive their calculation for the number of children in the YBFS within a particular setting. States should also provide some explanation of their method for estimating the YBFS population which is not yet participating in preschool.

To acquit funding by setting, states will need to complete Tables 1, 2 and 3 below and submit these to the Commonwealth by 31 March 2025.

In Table 1, States should set out the number of children that attended preschool in their YBFS in each setting as determined using the methodology outlined in their implementation plans. They should also include the total funding spent in each setting.

Setting	Number of Children attending preschool in the YBFS	Total Commonwealth funding spent in setting
CBDC	State calculation of [n] children in YBFS counted against setting.	\$N.Nm
Stand-alone	State calculation of [n] children in YBFS counted against setting.	\$N.Nm
School-based preschool	State calculation of [n] children in YBFS counted against setting.	\$N.Nm
	\$N.Nm	

Table 1. Summary of children and Commonwealth funding spent by setting

In Table 2, states should provide a summary of expenditure by program for initiatives that were undertaken to promote enrolment and attendance in preschool in reference to clause 7 of Appendix A. Again, this should reflect the methodology described in the State's implementation plan.

Table 2. Summary of expenditure of Commonwealth funding not attributed to children in the YBFS enrolled in preschool (children in the YBFS who are not enrolled)

Estimated number of children in the YBFS, for which funding cannot be attributed to children in in any setting	Total Commonwealth funding spent
State calculation of [n] children	\$N.Nm

In Table 3, States should acquit funding against programs outlined in Table 2 of Implementation Plans. Where a program runs across more than one setting, a row should be added for each setting. This table relates to clauses 6 and 7 of Appendix A which outline the purposes for which Commonwealth funding should be used.

Table 3. Commonwealth funding by program and setting

ltem	Setting	Program description	Amount (\$)
Auto #	e.g. School-based	Type a description of the program.	\$NNN,NNN
1.	Choose an item.	Click or tap here to enter text.	\$0
			\$ 0.00

Additional funding to maintain 2021 levels is not required to be acquitted through this template. However, States may choose to acquit this funding in these tables if this cannot be separated. States may also choose to include state funding at their own discretion.

Progress update on actions agreed in the Implementation Plan

State and Territory reporting should provide updates on work agreed in Implementation Plans (Table 5) including implementation of attendance strategies in the following tables. The below table provides a template for the submission of this progress update.

Element	Agreed Action	Progress Update			
Reform Element One: Implement Commonwealth Funding Follows Child (CFFC)					
How Commonwealth funding follows child at the	As per Table 5 in the Implementation Plan in	A progress update on actions agreed at Table 5.			
setting level will be implemented in the State	2024				
Reform Element Two: Implement a new national pre	Reform Element Two: Implement a new national preschool attendance measure				
The approach to measure preschool enrolment and	As per Table 5 in the Implementation Plan in	A progress update on actions agreed at Table 5.			
attendance and how data will be provided to the	2024				
Commonwealth, in accordance with Appendix A.1.					
Strategies to facilitate participation in preschool by	As per Table 5 in the Implementation Plan in	A progress update on actions agreed at Table 5.			
children in the year before full-time school. For	2024				
strategies relating to Aboriginal and Torres Strait					
Islander children, consistent with the Closing the Gap					
agreement, engage those					
communities and/or representative bodies in the					
design process.					
Reform Element Three: Implement a new national p					
Plans for how the State will prepare for the 2025	As per Table 5 in the Implementation Plan in	A progress update on actions agreed at Table 5. States should also			
national trial of the preschool outcomes measure, in	2024	provide an update on the use of Commonwealth funds provided			
accordance with Appendix A.2.		through Preschool Outcomes Measure: Trial Implementation Support.			
Reform Delivery/Implementation					
State-specific data and implementation issues	As per Table 5 in the Implementation Plan in	A progress update on actions agreed at Table 5.			
5	2024				
context of assessing performance under					
the Agreement.					

Table 1: Reporting on delivery of Planned Actions for 2024 (update by 31 March 2025)